

Dr Thomas Dannhauser PhD, MRCPsych MBChB

Consultant & Honorary Senior Lecturer in Psychiatry

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ADHD Evaluation Summary and Recommendations

Name: Doe, John

Age: 45 Sex: M Test Date: 14/09/2020 12:07 PM On Meds: U

Dear John,

Based on the results of the IVA-2 attention test, DIVA questionnaire and history provided via the online form, it appears very likely that you have adult ADHD.

It also appears that you are suffering with depression. You also reported several OCD symptoms, and it needs to be clarified if these relate to ADHD symptoms.

As you have not been seen in person, a definite diagnosis cannot be made. I therefore recommend an assessment with a psychiatrist to confirm the diagnosis of ADHD and offer treatment because it is likely the main cause of your symptoms and problems. ADHD is ordinarily a very treatable condition with more than 90% of people responding to treatment.

What follows below is a summary of the relevant findings from your evaluation.

Yours sincerely

Dr. Thomas Dannhauser (Ph.D. MRCPsych, MBChB) Consultant & Honorary Senior Lecturer in Psychiatry

Psychiatric History Summary

- Diagnosed conditions: generalised anxiety disorder
- ADHD symptoms reported:
- Positive screening for: ADHD (Barkley's Adult ADHD screener: Positive 7/7 (cut off for ADHD >4)), depression (*PHQ-9 Score*: 21/27 (Depression: 5-mild; 10-moderate, 15-moderate-severe; 20-severe)), generalised anxiety (*GAD-7 Score*: 12/21 (5-mild; 10-moderate, 15-severe)), OCD (*Obsessive Compulsive Inventory (OCI-R) Score*: 28/72 (cut-off for OCD>21)), dyslexia (Adult Dyslexia Checklist Score: 0/16. (Dyslexia scores > 9 indicate dyslexia-type problems))
- Positive family history: depression (brother), gambling addiction (father).
- Increased risk of mood disorders and ADHD diagnosis due to 1 Adverse Childhood Experience (Alcoholism and/or drug use at home.)
- Occupational failure: low productivity.
- Education: he struggled to learn.
- Alcohol and substance use: None
- Internet/gaming/social media use: He spends an average of 6.0 hours per day on discretional screen time and devices. Internet-gaming addiction criteria met: 2/8
- Medical history: born 6 weeks premature, increasing likelihood of attention problems.
- Current prescribed medication: none

Test and Questionnaire Result Summary

Result of DIVA questionnaire for ADHD: Positive for adult ADHD, predominantly combined type.

Result of IVA-2 attention test for ADHD: Positive for adult ADHD, predominantly inattentive type.

IVA-2 Detailed Report

OVERVIEW OF THE IVA-2 CPT AND GENERAL INTERPRETIVE GUIDELINES

This IVA-2 Detailed Report requires the test to be administered in accordance with the specified test guidelines under the supervision of a licensed health care professional who is qualified in the use and interpretation of psychological tests. The test is not to be used as a standalone diagnostic instrument. By itself, it does not identify the presence or absence of any clinical diagnosis. The function of the IVA-2 CPT is to aid examiners in making their diagnosis as part of a comprehensive evaluation of clients who present with ADHD-type symptoms. The relevant strengths and weaknesses for each of the Attention and Response Control Global Scales will be reviewed. Detailed descriptions of the test scales are included in this report.

The IVA-2 CPT (Integrated Visual & Auditory 2 Continuous Performance Test) is a test of attention and impulsivity that measures responses to 500 intermixed auditory and visual stimuli spaced 1.5 seconds apart. The task is to click the mouse to the target stimuli which is either an auditory or visual "1" and to refrain from clicking when the foil stimulus (i.e., an auditory or visual

IVA-2 Standard Scale Analysis

Name: Carrier, Karl

Test Date: 02/08/2024 12:07 Age: 45 DOB: 30/05/1979 Sex: M On Meds: l

Highest Education: Examiner ID: Unknown

FS Attention Quotient = 81

Auditory Visual

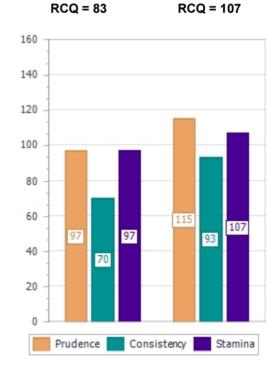
AQ = 78

AQ = 87

160 140 120 100 80 60 103 101 93 40 65 20 0 Vigilance Focus Speed

FS Response Control Quotient = 94

Auditory Visual



Sustained Auditory Attention Quotient = 68

Sustained Visual Attention Quotient = 108

Auditory Response Validity Check: Valid Visual Response Validity Check: Valid

Attention Factor: Positive Impulsive Hyperactivity Factor: Negative

	Auditory		ATTENTION	Visual		
	Raw	Quotient	Primary Scales	Quotient	Raw	
	97.8% 83		Vigilance	103	100.0%	
	67.4%	65	Focus	77	73.0%	
Γ	581 ms	101	Speed	93	447 ms	

Aud	itory	RESPONSE CONTROL	Visual		
Raw	Quotient	Primary Scales	Quotient	Raw	
97.3%	97	Prudence	115	100.0%	
70.6%	70	Consistency	93	76.1%	
97.9%	97	Stamina	107	102.8%	

Fine Motor Hyperactivity		—				
,, ,	WNL	Mild	Mod	Sev	Ext	
Hyperactive Events: 5		Fi	Fine Motor Hyperactivity: 90			

Symptomatic	Raw	Quotient	WNL	Mild	Mod	Sev	Ext
Comprehension (A)	96.2%	71					
Comprehension (V)	100.0%	103					
Persistence (A)	111.4%	106					
Persistence (V)	99.2%	97					
Sensory/Motor (A)	199 ms	118					
Sensory/Motor (V)	239 ms	100					

Test Version IVA-2 2023.3

Device: Web

DIVA-5

Diagnostic Interview for ADHD in adults (3rd edition; DIVA-5)

● iagnostisch ● nterview ♥ oor ♠ DHD bij volwassenen

Name of the patient

John Doe

Date of birth 31/12/1989

Date of interview 21/05/2020

Sex Male

Name of clinician/interviewer

Jane Sekibo

Patient number

- This questionnaire is used to ask about the presence of ADHD symptoms that you experienced during your childhood and adulthood.
- The questions are based on the official criteria for ADHD in the DSM-IV.
- For each question you can indicate your answer by ticking the boxes of the examples that apply to you.
- You can also add examples to in the box at the end.
- You should ask your partner (if possible) to help with answers to the adulthood symptoms and your parents (if possible) with the childhood symptoms.

Are you getting help with completing the questionnaire from your partner or a friend who has lived with you?

Yes

Are you getting help with completing the childhood symptoms from one of your parents or an older brother/sister who lived with you when you were a child?

No

Part 1: Symptoms of attention-deficit (DSM-V criterion A1)

Instructions: the symptoms in adulthood have to have been present for at least 6 months. The symptoms in childhood relate to the age of 5-12 years. For a symptom to be ascribed to ADHD it should have a chronic trait-like course and should not be episodic.

Criterion A1

A1 - Do you often fail to give close attention to details, or do you make careless mistakes in your work or during other activities? And how was that during childhood (in schoolwork or during other activities)? Examples during adulthood:

Makes careless mistakes
Does not read instructions carefully
Overlooks or misses details
Works too quickly and therefore makes
mistakes

Examples during childhood:

Other

Other

Symptom present:

Symptom present:

Yes

A2 - Do you often have difficulty sustaining your attention in tasks? And how was that during childhood (in play activities)

Examples during adulthood:

Not able to keep attention on tasks for long* Quickly distracted by own thoughts or associations

Easily distracted by unrelated thoughts

Examples during childhood:

Difficulty keeping attention on schoolwork Easily distracted
Difficulty concentrating*

Other

Other

*Unless the subject is found to be really interesting (e.g. computer or hobby)

*Unless the subject is found to be really interesting (e.g. computer or hobby)

Symptom present:

Symptom present:

Yes

Yes

A3 - Does it often seem as though you are not listening when you are spoken to directly? And how was that during childhood?

Examples during adulthood:

Examples during childhood:

Dreamy or preoccupied
Difficulty concentrating on a conversation
Mind seems elsewhere, even in the absence

of any obvious distraction

Other Other

Symptom present: Symptom present:

Yes

A4 - Do you often not follow through on instructions and often fail to finish chores or duties in the workplace? And how was that during childhood (in schoolwork)?

Examples during adulthood:

Starts tasks but quickly loses focus and is

easily sidetracked

Needing a time limit to complete tasks Difficulty completing administrative tasks Difficulty following instructions from a manual **Examples during childhood:**

Starts tasks but quickly loses focus and is

easily sidetracked

Needing a lot of structure in order to complete tasks

Other Other

Symptom present: Symptom present:

Yes

A5 - Do you often find it difficult to organise tasks and activities? And how was that during childhood?

Examples during adulthood: Examples during childhood:

Difficultly playing alone

Doing things in a muddled way

Difficulty keeping himself/herself entertained

Other Other

Symptom present: Symptom present:

No Yes

A6 - Do you often avoid (or do you dislike, or are you reluctant to engage in) tasks that require sustained mental effort? And how was that during childhood?

Examples during adulthood:

Often postpone boring or difficult tasks Do not like reading due to mental effort Avoidance of tasks that require a lot of concentration **Examples during childhood:**

Avoidance of homework or has an aversion to

Reads few books or does not feel like reading

due to mental effort

Avoidance of tasks that require a lot of

concentration

Aversion to school subjects that require a lot

of concentration

Often postpones boring or difficult tasks.

Other Other

Symptom present: Symptom present:

Yes Yes

A7 - Do you often lose things that are necessary for tasks or activities? And how was that during childhood?

Examples during adulthood:

Mislays wallet, keys, or agenda Often leaves things behind

Examples during childhood:

Loses school materials, pencils, books, or other items

Spends a lot of time searching for things

Other Other

Symptom present: Symptom present:

Yes Yes

A8 - Are you often easily distracted by extraneous stimuli? And how was that during childhood?

Examples during adulthood:

Difficulty shutting off from external stimuli After being distracted, difficult to pick up the thread again

Easily distracted by noises or events Easily distracted by the conversations of others

Difficulty in filtering and/or selecting information

Examples during childhood:

In the classroom, often looking outside Easily distracted by noises or events After being distracted, has difficulty picking up the thread again

Other Other

Symptom present: Symptom present:

es Ye

A9 - Are you often forgetful during daily activities? And how was that during childhood?

Examples during adulthood:

Forgets appointments or other obligations Forgets keys, agenda etc.

Needs frequent reminders for appointments Returning home to fetch forgotten things Rigid use of lists to make sure things aren't forgotten

Forgets to do chores or run errands

Examples during childhood:

Forgets appointments or instructions Has to be frequently reminded of things Half-way through a task, forgetting what has to be done

Forgets to take things to school Leaving things behind at school or at friends' houses

Other Other

Symptom present: Symptom present:

Yes

Part 2: Symptoms of hyperactivity-impulsivity (DSM-V criterion A2)

Instructions: the symptoms in adulthood have to have been present for at least 6 months. The symptoms in childhood relate to the age of 5-12 years. For a symptom to be ascribed to ADHD it should have a chronic trait-like course and should not be episodic.

Criterion A2:

H/I 1 - Do you often move your hands or feet in a restless manner, or do you often fidget in your chair? And how was that during childhood?

Examples during childhood:

Fiddling with hair or biting nails

Examples during childhood:

Examples during adulthood:

Difficulty sitting still Fidgets with the legs

Tapping with a pen or playing with something

Fiddling with hair or biting nails

Other Other

Symptom present: Symptom present:

Yes

H/I 2 - Do you often stand up in situations where the expectation is that you should remain in your seat? And how was that during childhood?

Examples during adulthood:

Often leaves his/her place in the office or in

the workplace

Prefers to walk around rather than sit

Never sits still for long, always moving around Makes excuses in order to be able to walk

around

Other Other

Symptom present: Symptom present:

Yes

H/I 3 - Do you often feel restless? And how was that during childhood?

Examples during adulthood: Examples during childhood:

Feeling restless or agitated inside

Constantly having the feeling that you have to

be doing something Finding it hard to relax

Other Other

Symptom present: Symptom present:

Yes No

H/I 4 - Do you often find it difficult to engage in leisure activities quietly? And how was that during childhood?

Examples during adulthood: Examples during childhood:

Difficulty doing activities quietly Difficulty in speaking softly

Other Other

Symptom present: Symptom present:

Yes N

H/I 5 - Are you often "on the go" or do you often act as if "driven by a motor"? And how was that during childhood?

Examples during adulthood: Examples during childhood:

Always busy doing something
Is uncomfortable being still for extended time,
e.g. in restaurants or meetings
Others find you restless or difficult to keep up
with
Finds it difficult to let things go, excessively

Finds it difficult to let things go, excessively driven

Other Other

Symptom present: Symptom present:

'es No

H/I 6 - Do you often talk excessively? And how was that during childhood?

Examples during adulthood: Examples during childhood:

Finds it difficult to stop talking

Known as a chatterbox

Tendency to talk too much

Not giving others room during a conversation

Other Other

Symptom present: Symptom present:

Yes Yes

H/I 7 - Do you often give the answer before questions have been completed? And how was that during childhood?

Examples during adulthood: Examples during childhood:

Giving people answers before they have Interrupts others before sentences are

finished speaking

Completing other people's sentences Difficulty waiting for turn during conversations

finished

Other Other

Symptom present: Symptom present:

Yes Yes

H/I 8 - Do you often find it difficult to await your turn? And how was that during childhood?

Examples during adulthood: Examples during childhood:

Being impatient

Other Other

Symptom present: Symptom present:

Yes

H/I 9 - Do you often interrupt the activities of others, or intrude on others? And how was that during childhood?

Examples during adulthood: Examples during childhood:

Having an opinion about everything and Interrupts the conversations of others immediately expressing this Unable to wait

Other Other

Symptom present: **Symptom present:**

Yes Yes

Part 3: Impairment on account of the symptoms (DSM-V criteria B, C and D)

Criterion B

Have you always had these symptoms of attention deficit and/or hyperactivity/impulsivity?

Yes

Criterion C

In which areas do you have / have you had problems with these symptoms?

Adulthood Childhood and adolescence

Work/education Education

Work below level of education Achieved education suited to IQ with a lot of Tire quickly of a workplace

Not achieving promotions Limited impairment through compensation of high IQ

Limited impairment through compensation of

high IQ

Other Other

Relationship and/or family

Family

Relationship problems, lots of arguments, lack of intimacy
Problems with sexuality as a result of symptoms
Difficulty with housekeeping and/or

administration

Other Other

Criterion C

In which areas do you have / have you had problems with these symptoms?

Adulthood Childhood and adolescence

Social contacts

Difficulty maintaining social contacts
Difficulty initiating social contacts

Low self-assertiveness as a result of negative experiences

Not being attentive (i.e. forget to send a card/empathising/phoning, etc)

Social contacts

Difficulty maintaining social contacts Conflicts as a result of communication problems

Difficulty entering into social contacts

Low self-assertiveness as a result of negative experiences

Few friends Being teased

Shut out by, or not being allowed, to do things

with a group

Other Other

Free time / hobby

Unable to relax properly during free time Unable to finish a book or watch a film all the way through

Tire quickly of hobbies

Sensation seeking and/or taking too many

risks

Binge eating

Free time/hobby

Other Other

Self-confidence / self-image

Negative self-image due to experiences of failure

Fear of failure in terms of starting new things

Self-confidence / self-image Free time/hobby

Uncertainty through negative comments of others

Other Other

Page 13

Adulthood: Evidence of impairment in two or more areas?

Yes

Childhood and adolescence: Evidence of impairment in two or more areas?

Yes

End of the interview. Please continue with the summary.

Potential details:

N/A

Summary of symptoms A and H/I

Indicate which criteria were scored in parts 1 and 2 and add up

Criterion DSM-V

Symptom	Present during adulthood	Present during childhood
A1. Do you often fail to give close attention to details, or do you make careless mistakes in your work or during other activities? And how was that during childhood (in schoolwork or during other activities)?	Yes	Yes
A2. Do you often have difficulty sustaining your attention in tasks? And how was that during childhood (in play activities)?	Yes	Yes
A3. Does it often seem as though you are not listening when you are spoken to directly? <i>And how was that during childhood?</i>	Yes	Yes
A4. Do you often fail to follow through on instructions and do you often fail to finish jobs or fail to meet obligations at work? And how was that during childhood (when doing schoolwork as opposed to when at work)?	Yes	Yes
A5. Do you often find it difficult to organise tasks and activities? <i>And how was that during childhood?</i>	Yes	Yes
A6. Do you often avoid (or do you dislike, or are you reluctant to engage in) tasks that require sustained mental effort? And how was that during childhood?	Yes	Yes

A7. Do you often lose things that are necessary for tasks or activities? And how was that during childhood?	Yes	Yes
A8. Are you often easily distracted by extraneous stimuli? And how was that during childhood?	Yes	Yes
A9. Are you often forgetful in daily activities? <i>And how was that during childhood?</i>	Yes	Yes
Total number of criteria Attention Deficit	Adult Inattention Total 9.00	Child Inattention Total 9.00
H/I 1. Do you often fidget with or tap hands or feet, or do you often squirm in your seat? <i>And how was that during childhood?</i>	Yes	Yes
H/I 2. Do you often leave your seat in situations where it is expected that you remain seated? <i>And how was that during childhood?</i>	Yes	No
H/I 3. Do you often feel restless? <i>And how was that during childhood?</i>	Yes	No
H/I 4. Do you often find it difficult to engage in leisure activities quietly? And how was that during childhood (in play activities)?	Yes	No
H/I 5. Are you often "on the go" or do you often act as if "driven by a motor"? And how was that during childhood?	Yes	No
H/I 6. Do you often talk excessively? <i>And how was that during childhood?</i>	Yes	Yes
H/I 7. Do you often blurt out an answer before questions have been completed? And how was that during childhood?	Yes	Yes
H/I 8. Do you often find it difficult to await your turn? And how was that during childhood?	Yes	No
H/I 9. Do you often interrupt or intrude on others? <i>And how was that during childhood?</i>	Yes	Yes
Total number of criteria Hyperactivity/Impulsivity	Adult Hyperactivity- Impulsivity Total 9.00	Child Hyperactivity- Impulsivity Total 4.00

Score form

Indicate which criteria were scored in parts 1 and 2 and add up

Criterion A

Childhood - Are several (3 or more) symptoms present of A and/or HI? Yes

Adulthood - Is the number of A characteristics ≥ 5? Yes

Adulthood - Is the number of H/I characteristics ≥ 5? Yes

Criterion B

Are there signs of a lifelong pattern of symptoms, starting before the 12th year of age?

Choice Yes

Criterion C and D

DSM-IV criterion C and D

The symptoms and the impairment are expressed in at least two domains of functioning:

Adulthood

Childhood

Criterion E

The symptoms cannot be (better) explained by the presence of another psychiatric disorder No

Details:

Is the diagnosis supported by collateral information?

Parent(s)/brother/sister/other*,

N/A

* For other, please indicate:

Partner/good friend/other*,

N/A

* For other, please indicate:

School reports

N/A

Explanation

Diagnosis

Diagnosis ADHD*

314.01 Combined presentation type

* If the established sub-types differ in childhood and adulthood, the current adult sub-type prevails for the diagnosis.

Severity

Mild

This will be discussed and finalised in your appointment with Dr Dannhauser.